The Middletown Transcript.

VOL. XXIII.—NO. 27. MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 9, 1891. PRICE, 3 CENTS.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

W. H. MOORE AND CO.

SUMMER DRESS FABRICS.

We have in stock a beautiful selection of Summer Dress Stuffs; also Spring Woolens, which we are offering at low prices. Challis, Zephyr Cloth, Ginghams, Nuns Veiling, Cashmeres, Henriettas, Mohairs, Silks, &c.

CLOTHING.

We would especially call your attention to our large stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing. We have the stock, the styles and the prices.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS.

LADIES' COATS.

We have a very pretty assortment of Ladies' Coats, in plain and fancy stripes from $1.25 and upwards.

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Our shoe department is full of all the seasonable goods, such as slippers, ties, turns, etc., for ladies and children, and heavy and fine shoes for men and boys.

☞ Full line of Groceries.

W. H. MOORE & CO

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Steam Ice Cream Manufactory.

ICE CREAM AT WHOLESALE.

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THE RICE STEAM ICE CREAM MFG. Co.

NO ADULTERATIONS OF ANY KIND USED!

☞ Cream shipped to all parts of the Peninsula on short notice. Orders by telegraph will be promptly attended to and cream shipped by next train.

CHILDRENS TOYS OF EVERY VARIETY ALWAYS ON HAND.

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS NUTS &c. &c. &c.

OYSTER SEASON OF 1891

We are now prepared to furnish oysters in any quantity desired for family use, also for parties, church suppers, etc.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR LARGE QUANTITIES.

E. B. RICE, Middletown, Del

ROCHESTER BEER

☞ Bartholomay Rochester Beer of extra fine quality, unsurpassed by none and pronounced by connoisseurs to be the

Finest ever Produced in Wilmington.

IN KEGS OR BOTTLES. ALSO

MASSEY'S BROWN STOUTS, PORTER AND ALES, MINERAL WATER, SARSAPARILLA AND GINGER ALE.

Sole Agency for Rochester Beer.

JNO. P. DONAHOE,

517 and 519 Orange Street

Telephone Call No. 90. These liquors are highly medicinal. oct-1ly

OXFORD TIES.

WARM WEATHER calls for something light and cool in footwear. To meet this demand we have in stock a much larger line of Oxford Ties than ever before. A very good one as low as 75c, either plain toe, patent leather or dongola tip; better ones for $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

For $2.50 you can get the Best,

hand turn, light and flexible.

EDWIN PRETTYMAN,

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Important to Farmers and Threshermen!

I can offer special inducements to those wishing to buy Threshing outfits, as I am handling

The Stevens' Engine and Thresher, and the Reeves' Stacker.

For terms and prices address or call on

A. F. HUEY,

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FIRST-CLASS WORK AT LOW PRICES!

Swain & Bridle

—526— South Second St., PHILADA.

THE FINEST CABINET PHOTOS to be had at $2 Per Dozen

☞ Mention this paper always. apr16m

Miscellaneous Adv's.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest U. S. Government Food Report.*

W. A. COMEGYS,

AGENT FOR THE PURCHASE OF

GRAIN AND FRUIT!

—ALSO, FOR THE SALE OF—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS!

Whitely Binders and Mowers,

THOMAS RAKES,

Stover Manf. Co.'s WINDMILLS,

AND IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Grain

W. A. COMEGYS,

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CAPITAL, - - $500.000.00.
SURPLUS, - - $50,000.00

Security Trust and Safe Deposit Company,

519 MARKET ST., WILMINGTON, DEL.

MONEY UNEMPLOYED or waiting investment can be made to earn you interest if deposited with this company.

INTEREST PAID on deposits of money as follows: 2 per cent on deposits payable on demand, by check, same as banks; 3½ per cent on deposits payable after 10 days' notice; 3 per cent on deposits payable after 30 days' notice. Special rates for large sums to remain for a year or longer.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the accounts of Ladies, also to those of Executors, Administrators, Trustees, Guardians and Receivers. The Company acts by authority of law as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Receiver and Agent, and executes trusts of every description.

Correspondence solicited and full information furnished concerning any branch of the Company's business. Satisfaction guaranteed. Send for pamphlet.

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Farmers Look to Your Interests

Middletown Nursery AND FRUIT FARM.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

Peach trees of all the best varieties a Specialty, being grown from Strictly Pure Natural Seed and budded from healthy bearing trees.

A full line of fruit, shade and ornamental trees, also Small Fruits, Osage Orange, Roses Verbenas, Geraniums, &c., &c. All kinds of Early and Late Vegetable plants in season. All orders by mail will receive prompt and careful attention. Catalogue mailed free on application. Address

E. R. COCHRAN & CO.,

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VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Evaporating Plant

In Middletown, Del.

Good building, 60 by 130 feet; 1 good 50 horse power boiler, 1 engine 20 horse power, 500 new seives, all new and in good order, 3 steam evaporators, 2 hot air evaporators, good as new. Everything necessary to a first-class evaporating plant on hand. These buildings can be used for any kind of manufacturing business and are conveniently located near the Delaware Railroad.

H. N. WILLITS.

jan22-tf

A Messenger and Freight Business

— BETWEEN —

Middletown and Philadelphia,

Will hereafter be carried on by the subscriber.

MESSAGES OR PACKAGES CAREFULLY DELIVERED AT EACH END OF THE LINE.

ALFRED STEVENS.

☞ Orders left at Wilson's cigar store will ceive prompt attention. apr1

Miss Addie Hazzard

TEACHER OF

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

(PIANO OR ORGAN.)

Fall Term Will Begin Sept. 5th.

$10 PER TERM.

MIDDLETOWN . . DELAWARE

2sep-tf

A SURVEY OF ONE'S DEEDS.

When I compare
What I have lost with what I have gained,
What I have missed with what attained,
Little room do I find for pride.

I am aware
How many days have been idly spent;
How like an arrow the good intent
Has fallen short or been turned aside.

But who shall dare
To measure loss and gain in this wise?
Defeat may be victory in disguise;
The lowest sob is the turn of the tide.

—Anon.

A STORY OF LONDON LIFE.

As a pawnbroker in a populous suburb of London, I have had occasion to see painful, and sometimes not unpleasing phases of society. Just to give an idea of what occassionally comes under the notice of persons in my profession, I shall describe a little incident and its consequences. One evening I stepped to the door for a little fresh air, and to look about me for a moment. Whilst I was gazing up and down the road, I saw a tidily-dressed young person step up to our side door. She walked like a lady—and let me tell you that in nine cases out of ten it's the walk and not the dress, which distinguishes the lady from the servant-girl—and first she looked about, and then she seemed to make up her mind in a flurried sort of way, and in a moment was standing at our counter, holding out a glittering something in a little trembling hand covered with a worn kid glove.

My assistant, Isaacs, was stepping forward to take the seal, when I came in and interposed. The poor young thing was so nervous and shy, and altogether so unused to this work, that I felt for her as if she had been my own daughter almost. She could not have been more than eighteen years old; too frail and gentle a creature.

"If you please, will you tell me," she said timidly, in a very sweet, low voice, trembling with nervousness, "what is the value of this seal?"

"Well, miss," I said, taking the seal into my hand and looking at it—it was an old-fashioned seal, such as country gentlemen used to wear, with a coat-of-arms cut upon it—"that depends upon whether you want to pledge it, or sell it outright."

"I am married, sir," and she said the words proudly and with dignity, though still so shy, and seeming ready to burst out crying; "and my husband is very ill—and—and"—— And then the tears wouldn't be kept back any longer, and then she sobbed as if her poor little heart would break.

"There, there, my dear," I said to her; don't cry; it will all come right in time;" and I tried to comfort her as well as I could in my own rough and-ready way. "I will lend you, ma'am," I said to her at last, "a sovereign upon this seal; and if you wish to sell it, perhaps I may be able to sell it for you to advantage." And so I gave her a pound; it was more than the thing was worth as a pledge; and she tripped away with a lighter heart, and many thanks to me, and I thought no more of the matter at the time.

The very next day, the day before Christmas, there came into our place of business a very eccentric gentleman, who had called upon us pretty often before, not for the sake of pawning anything, though he was generally dressed shabby enough, too. But he was a collector, one of those men who are mad upon old china and curiosities of all sorts.

"Anything in my way to day, Mr. Davis?" he said, in his quick, energetic manner, with a jolly smile upon his face, and putting down the cigarette he was smoking on the edge of the counter.

The Rev. Mr. Broadman is a collector of gems, rings and seals, and, in fact, any stones that have heads or figures engraved upon them. And I had been in the habit of putting aside for him whatever in this way passed through our hands; for he gave us a better price than we should have got for them at the quarterly sales. "The fact is, Davis," he used to say to me, "these things are invaluable; many of them are as beautiful, on a small scale, as the old Greek sculptures; and some of them even by the same artists. And they are made no longer, you see, for, in this busy nineteenth century of ours, time and brains are too precious to be spent on these laborous trifles Now, although I had no stones of the kind he wanted just then, it entered into my head that I would tell him about the seal which had come into my possession the evening before.

I told him the story somewhat as I have just told it to you. He listened attentively to all I said. When I had done he looked at the seal, and said: "I observe that it has the heraldic emblem of a baronet." He then congratulated me on the way in which I had acted. He asked, too, for this young lady's address, which she had given me quite correct; and then he left the shop without another word.

You must give me leave to tell the rest of the story in my own way, although it may be a very different way from that which the reverend personage employed in relating it to me afterwards.

It seemed that it was a runaway match. A country baronet's son had fallen in love with the clergymen's daughter, in the village where his father lived; and they had run away together, and got married. Then they came up to London, these two poor young things—for neither his father, nor her's either, for the matter of that, would have anything to say to the match—he full of hopes of getting on in the literary and artistic line; and she, poor creature, full of trust in him.

The project of living by literature did not turn out what was expected. The young fellow, without experience or friends, spent much time going about from one publisher to another, and sending his writings to the editors of the various magazines—which I need not say were always returned "with thanks." And then he fell ill; typhus, I fancy, brought on by insufficient nourishment, bad drainage and disappointed hopes. The Registrar-general doesn't give a return of these cases in any list that I am aware of. But we see something of them in our line of business, nevertheless.

It was just at this time that Mr Broadman found out Mrs. Vincent; for that was the name of the young lady who came to my shop with the gold seal. Cambridge Terrace is not very far from the Angel at Islington, and there, in a little back street of small, respectable houses, inhabited by junior clerks, with here and there a lodging-house, in one of which Mr. and Mrs. Vincent lived.

They were rather shy at first of a stranger, and a little proud and haughty, perhaps. People who have seen better days, and are down upon their luck, are apt to be so. But the parson, with his pleasant ways and cheery voice, soon made it all right; and in a jiffy, he and Mr. Vincent were talking about college, for they had been to the same university. And there was soon even a smile too—a wan smile enough—upon the poor invalid's sharp-cut, thin, with the hollow, far-away eyes, which looked at you as if out of a cavern. He was the wreck of a fine young fellow, too; of one who had been used to his hunting and shooting, and all the fine country sports which make broad-shouldered, strong-limbed country people, the envy of us poor, thin, pale townsfolk.

Mr. Broadman came direct to me when he left them. I did not live far off; and he thought that I might lend a neighbor's help. "Davis," said he, "that poor fellow is dying; I can see death in his eyes."

"What is he dying of?" I replied.

He looked at me steadfastly a moment, and I could see a moisture in his eye, as he said, slowly and solemnly: "Of starvation, Davis—of actual want of food."

"A gentleman starving in London, in Islington, a baronet's son, too! Why it's incredible."

"Not at all," said Mr. Broadman; "these are the very people who do die of starvation in London, and in all great cities. Not the poor, who know where the workhouse is, and who can get at the relieving officer if the worst comes to the worst; but the well born, who have fallen into desperate poverty, and who carry their pride with them, and dive into a back alley, like some wild animal into a hole, to die alone. Mr. Vincent wants wine and jellies and all sorts of good things; if help hasn't come too late. No, no, my friend," he continued, putting back my hand, for I was ready to give my money in a proper cause. "No, no; I have left them all they want at present, Davis. But I'll tell you what you can do; you can, if you like to play the good Samaritan, go and see them, and cheer them up a bit. Mrs. Vincent hasn't forgotten your kindness to her, I can assure you. And I think her husband would like to you too, and it would rouse him up a bit, perhaps." And then Mr. Broadman told me, shortly, something of what these two poor things had gone through—she, loving and trusting him so; and he, half mad that he had brought her to this pass, and could do nothing for her.

Mr. Broadman wrote that very day to the baronet; a proud, hard man, I'm told. But the letter he wrote back was soft enough, and melting to read; it was so full of human nature, you see—the father's heart swelling up at the thought of getting back his son; and bursting through the thick crust of pride which had prevented him from making the first advances. And the parson says to me: "Well, Mr. Davis," he said, "there are many people kept asunder only for want of somebody to go between them, you see, and make peace."

And I said, partly to myself: "Why shouldn't Christianity itself be such a general peacemaker as that?"

"Ay," replied Mr. Broadman, "if people only believed in it properly."

That very day we got the baronet's letter, I was on my way, in the afternoon, to Cambridge Terrace, to pay my respects to Mrs. Vincent — and I had sent in a few bottles of good old port wine from my own wine merchant —at least as good as can be got for money or love. Well, when I got near the door, I saw an old gentleman walking up and down, a little disturbed apparently, in his mind at finding himself in such a queer locality, and is if looking for something or somebody. A short, rosy-faced person he was, clean shaven as a pin, and very neat and old-fashioned in his dress; and with that sort of air about him which marks an English country gentleman wherever he may be. Well, we soon got into talk, for I'd spotted the baronet in a moment, and he was anxious to find out something about his son, as soon as he heard that I knew a little of the young people.

"And you do not think, sir, that my—that Mr. Vincent is *dangerously* ill?" said the old baronet; and there was a sob in his voice as he spoke, and his hand trembled as he laid it upon mine.

"Here is the house, sir," I said; "and you will be able to judge for yourself."

We went in. At least the baronet went into the room, trembling in every limb with the excitement of seeing his son. But when he set eyes on him, the poor old man was so startled, that he could scarcely speak. His son saw him, and tried to rise, but fell back feebly into his chair. "Dear father," he murmured weekly, stretching out a thin trembling hand, "forgive——"

But the father was on his knees by the chair in a moment, clasping his son's head in his arms, and fondling him as he had done when the man was a baby.

"What have I to forgive? You must forgive me for being so hard, my dear boy, and get better soon, Wilfred, my son, my son!"

I too had come into the room; I could not help it, I was so interested and excited. But I saw that in the the young man's face which made my heart sink in my bosom like lead.

The young wife saw it too, and gave one, two, three sharp screams, as if a knife had been thrust into her side.

Mr. Broadman saw it; and quietly kneeling down, commended to God—as well as he could, for sobbing—the son of His servant departing this life.

And I—well, why should I be ashamed to confess it?—I knelt down too, and cried like a child; for the young man had died in his father's arms, at the very moment of reconciliation.—Chambers Journal.

Quit Him Cold.

He was dirty and disreputable, and as he sat on an ash barrel up on Monroe avenue last evening just about dusk, it was easy to see that he was mad. His hands clutched at an imagined foe and his lips muttered all the swear words which are in the vocabulary of the old time tramp.

He was mad clean through.

A short distance from him on another ash barrel, sat another tramp, even more dirty and disreputable than the first, if that were a possibility. He was munching something from out of a paper bag that he held in his hand and was seemingly at peace with himself and all the world. The first tramp shot evil glances at him out of his bleary eyes, and to the person who cared to listen it was soon evident that the curses he was spreading about with such a prodigal mouth were all directed at the second.

"What's the matter?" asked a young man who was passing.

"Wat's de matter? Well, dere's plenty nuff de matter, see? Me an' dat stiff over dere's bin pards for ten years, an' we've tramped it all over dis here country, see? We struck dis bloody town two days ago 'an from dat time to dis we ain't had nothin' ter eat. A little while ago dat former pard o' mine—he ain't no pard er mine now, fer I quit him cold from dis out, see?—dat former pard er mine he hit er man fer 10 cents and he got it. Dere we were both 'f us starvin' wid hunger, an' I told him ter go ter a bake shop an' get all he cud fer de dime. Wen he cum back wat der yer tink dat de sweat had gone and bought?"

"Can't imagine," said the young man.

"Well," said the tramp as his tone became one of intense disgust, "Well, an' me an' him both starvin', ther dod gasted fool went an' bought 10 cents worth of chocolate drops. He's eatin' 'em now. Said dat when he saw 'em his mouth watered for 'em. Wat der yer tink er dat? An' both of us not tastin' food fer two days. I quit him cold, der yer mind, dead cold. No such gibberin' idiots kin travel wid me, an' don't yer ferget it."—Rochester Democrat.

The Day of the Week.

If you want to tell the day of the week on which a friend was born, knowing the month, day of the month and year, you can easily do it by a simple arithmetical problem.

Add to the date of the month the last two figures of the year, leaving off the hundreds, as for 1891 take only 91, and one-fourth of the latter. If there should be a fraction in this last number make it whole by adding one. The sum thus found must be either increased or diminished according to the following table:

Add 24 for January.	Add 8 for July.
Add 26 for February.	Add 11 for August.
Subtract 2 for March.	Add 13 for September.
Subtract 0 for April.	Add 16 for October.
Add 3 for May.	Add 19 for November.
Add 6 for June.	Add 21 for December.

The result is divided by 7. The balance left will give the name of the day on which the inquiring individual was born. If this balance should be 1, he was born on a Sunday, if it is 2, it was a Monday.

For example: A man was born on the 24th of August, 1862. What was the day of the week? The number for the month is 24, that of the year, 62; one-fourth of the latter is 15½, or 16 in round numbers. The sum total is 102. For August 11 must be added, making 113. The latter sum divided by 7 leaves 1 as the remainder. Sunday was therefore the day on which the man was born —St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"Bottled Sunshine."

There are persons who will work for the good of their fellow-men, who will give money and time, labor and thought, to reforms and schemes for general welfare, who will not hesitate to make sacrifices, to perform benevolent and kindly actions, but who never give free and hearty utterance to the gladness that they feel or the pleasure they enjoy. It is not that they intend to deprive any one of happiness, but they do not realize how much they could thus bestow. While trying in many ways to give light and warmth to their fellow-men, they bottle up their own sunshine, forgetting that its influence might extend far and wide. Let all such pernicious silence be speedily broken. If the day is fair, and the air pure and clear, let us emphasize the fact; if we see any beauty, let us point it out; if we feel any joy, let us hasten to share it; if we have received any good, let us freely express it.

The Best Light to Read By.

Dr. John H. Payne, a celebrated oculist, says: "Most persons who use the incandescent electric light like a new lamp, because the light is whiter and more brilliant than after the lamp has been in use for two or three weeks. This is wrong. It is this dazzling white light that harms the eye. An old lamp is the best, for in these the light has become changed to a pale yellow, which is the ideal color. Just as in noonday brightness human sight is not so clear and far-reaching as at the yellow sunset, so a new incandescent burner is not so good for the eye as the old one."

E. R. COCHRAN, JR.'S ADDRESS.

DELIVERED ON THE OCCASION OF THE PRESENTATION OF THE FLAG TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL BY THE JR. O. U. A. M. ON JULY 4TH, 1891.

Fellow-citizens of Middletown, Ladies and Gentlemen:

I appreciate very much the honor conferred upon me by the Jr. Order of American Mechanics in being called upon to deliver this address. That while it is my maiden effort I appreciate more than words can express the responsibility to which they have so kindly entrusted to me in being enabled to, 1st present myself to the people of this my native town, who have been my friends and associates from my childhood days. And I assure you my friends and fellow-citizens that it affords me great pleasure to be with you on this glorious 4th day of July, the birthday of this great and glorious nation which is second to none on the face of the globe.

You are here with us to-day to assist in celebrating in a manner fitting to the occasion, the 115th Anniversary of American Independence, the birthday of our nation, and we see that this nation of so recent origin, now among the most considerable and powerful nations of the globe and spreading over the continent from sea to sea and from shore to shore.

On the day of the Declaration of Independence, the 4th of July, 1776 the representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, declared that these United States are, and of right ought to be, free and Independent States. This declaration made by the most patriotic and resolute men, trusting in the justice of their cause, and yet made not without deep solicitude and anxiety has now stood for over one hundred years, and still stands. It has met dangers and overcome them, it has had enemies and conquered them, it has had detractors and abashed them all, it has had doubting friends, but it has cleared all doubts away, and now to-day raising its August form higher than the clouds, many millions of people contemplate it with hallowed love and the world beholds it and the consequences which have followed from it with profound admiration. This grand anniversary animates and gladdens and unites all American hearts. On other days of the year we may be party men indulging in controversies more or less important to the public good. We may have likes and dislikes, and we may maintain our political differences often with warm and sometimes angry feelings. But to-day, we are all Americans and all nothing but Americans; all unpleasant feelings and political differences should be set aside and the associations connected with this day disperse all cloudy and sullen weather in the minds and feelings of the Americans. Every man's heart should swell within him and every man's port and bearing becomes somewhat more proud and loftly as he remembers that over a hundred years have rolled away and that the great inheritance of liberty is still his; his undiminished and unimpaired, his to enjoy and protect and transmit to future generations.

In a country so extensive as ours and a country making such rapid strides in all directions, it is necessary that our public schools should form one of the chief corner-stones of this American Republic. The growth and prosperity which have characterized the first century of our nation's existence, have excited the wonder and admiration of the whole world.

What shall be written of her at the end of another century will depend to a great extent upon the manner in which our public schools fulfil their mission. No other nation since the world began has had a history such as ours due in a great degree to our public schools which are the great assimilating power in this country.

We find in them children of all nationalities who pass out of the school house.

The time has come when the pupils of our public schools *must be taught* the love of country. That means that the children of this nation must learn to love their native land.

To whom shall we look for the inculcation of those patriotic sentiments which should inspire the heart of every American citizen, but to the teachers of our public schools. Fellow-citizens, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics have achieved a worthy and enduring work in directing the attention of all our people to the vital importance of patriotic training in our public schools. Through their instrumentality the emblem of our nation's glory which has hitherto been unfurled only in times of bloody conflict or holiday occasion, is now seen floating peacefully in the genial sunlight over many of the buildings dedicated to the nation's youth.

And here to-day this order of Jr. A. M. is to inaugurate this custom by the presentation of the American flag to our own public school, where the children will see it every day and learn to love and cherish it as the emblem of all that is great and good. It will represent to us and to all the world in a new and peculiar manner the great fundamental truth that the bulwark of our liberties is in the education of our people.

Every victory which our nation has won has been a victory of our public schools. They have been the nursery not only of our statesmen, but of our patriots and soldiers. They are American Institntions and are destined to live as long as the Republic survives.

The celebration of this occasion is to me a source of unfeigned satisfaction, calling for mutual congratulations and devout thanks to a benign Providence that we are atpeace with all mankind, and that our country exhibits the most cheering evidence of general welfare and progressive improvement.

What this country needs is more heart and conscience in commercial life, political life and home life, for that man who is all brains and no heart goes through life with his intellect shining above his bosom, like an electric light over a grave-yard.

And now fellow citizens much more could be said upon this subject, many could be the praises, hours of time could be used to advantage in the discussion of this subject, and still much be left unsaid, therefore, in conclusion, may this glorious birthday of our nation exist until the end of time, increase in strength and stand as a monument to the world.

Curious Epitaphs.

While strolling in the [illegible] a small hamlet not thirty miles from Rochester I came across an old graveyard, overgrown with moss, the stones of which bore dates between 1796 and 1820. I scraped the mould from a few of the stones and brought to light these inscriptions. This one is modest:

"My boddy to the grave I give,
My soul to God I hope is fled;
When this, my children,
You do see, remember me."

This, on a child's grave, is not without pathos:

"This lovely bud so young and fare,
Cald hence by erly doome,
Just caught to show how sweet a flower in
Paradise would bloom."

This one also preserves the phonetic method:

"Youth, like a morning flour,
Cut down and withered in an hour."

Notice the unexpected word-division in these.

"To worlds of sperits I am gone,
And left my friends behind to mourn.
My body lies here in the dust,
My soul is stationed with
the blest.

"Hark my gay friends, to you my voice has been,
Refrain from folly and forsake your sin;
Still from the dead I fain would send my cries,
Trust in the Saviour, don't His grace despise."

This one is as good as any one I have seen:

"A thousand ways cut short our days,
None are exempt from death,
A honey-bee by stinging me
Did stop my mortal breath."

Rochester (N. Y.) Union.

The Czar's Car is Shot-Proof.

When the Czar travels in Russia the precautions taken for his safety could not be greater if he were in an enemy's country. A battalion of infantry is detailed for every two miles of distance, and allowing 500 men as the effective force of each battalion, every spot of ground on both sides of the track is covered by sentinels within easy distance of each other. The Czar is suddenly whirled off to the station, accompanied by the chosen twelve of his body-guard, without pomp or circumstance, swiftly and silently. The Czar always travels in a train of five carriages. His carriage is built in a peculiar style.

The windows, while ample for light, are high, so that a person sitting down is invisible from the outside, and the sides of the car are fortified with plates of steels concealed in the ornamental woodwork, but strong enough to resist a bullet. There are two sentry boxes in the carriage, one at each end, and each looking out at an opposite side from the other. The guardsmen on duty in these apartments are shut in from any observation of the interior of the carriage, but at intervals of about two feet, the whole length of the saloon, are electric buttons communicating with the guard chambers, as well as with the two carriages, one containing the suite and the other, in the rear, occupied by the guardsmen not on duty. So far, therefore, as the train itself is concerned, the Czar could be no more secure in St. Petersburg.

The train speeds on to its destination without a halt, except on account of accident. At a distance of not less than five miles ahead is a pioneer train, in which the Imperial Director of Railways and the chief engineer of the particular railway on which the Czar is traveling always rides. As the pilot train whizzes by the reserves along the line rush to arms and guard the sides of the railway, waiting until the Imperial train has passed, so that the spectacle is present of continuous lines of soldiery for hundreds of miles. Arrived at the end of his journey, the Czar is escorted to the quarters intended for the Imperial family.

The streets are guarded by special constables in the attire of citizens. Every property owner has been called upon to supply one or more of these men at his own expense to do duty when the sovereign makes his appearance. The constables average one in ten of the crowd that throngs the streets, and being in ordinary dress they can mingle with the people, note what is said, and, perhaps, do something that will obtain them regular employment among the secret police. With one-tenth the population engaged as spies upon the remainder, with troops enough concentrated to stand a formidable siege, and his faithful guardsmen dogging every step, the Czar goes through the forms of a visit to the ancient capital of Russia or whatever city he may choose to honor. —Philadelphia Telegraph.

What It Does

Hood's Sarsaparilla

1. Purifies the blood.
2. Creates an appetite.
3. Strengthens the nerves.
4. Makes the weak strong.
5. Overcomes that tired feeling.
6. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, etc.
7. Invigorates the kidneys and liver.
8. Relieves headache, indigestion, dyspepsia.

How Like a Soldier.

The "skeeter's" military in his nightly avocations,
For generally he drills awhile and then he draws his rations.

"Johnny, what are you going to do with that beetle?"

"Do you see that glass of lemonade sister Kate has just made?"

"Well, I do so love lemonade."—New York Epoch.

The Transcript

ABRAM VANDEGRIFT,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of fifty cents an inch for the first insertion and twenty-five cents an inch for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers.

Local Notices ten cents a line for the first insertion. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free.

Subscription Price, one dollar per annum, in advance. Single copy, three cents.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $1 00 A YEAR.

Thursday Afternoon, July 9th, 1891

NEW YORK has her four hundred, but Wilmington has her four thousand.

THE NATIONAL holiday was characterized in many places by the riotous and disorderly conduct of persons who have not a proper idea of the way in which an event of such importance and dignity should be celebrated. We are happy to say, however, that not a single breach of the peace occurred in Middletown. The people who came here were entertained in a pleasant and instructive manner, consequently every one felt that to mar the pleasure of others would be to seriously degrade himself. The patriotic endeavors of the Order making the display were fully appreciated, the addresses were far above the average, and led the minds of the pleasure seekers away from the baser toward the higher intellectual pleasures. The sale of intoxicating liquors is carefully guarded by those interested, and to this fact may be attributed much of the freedom of the town from unpleasant occurrences. The day will be pleasantly remembered by those who were able to join in the celebration.

AT THE Fourth of July celebration at Tammany Hall, New York, a venerable ex-Governor of Delaware expressed indirectly, the hope that Governor Hill may be nominated for the Presidency by the next national Democratic convention. While we do not wish to deny the ex-Governor the right to express his private opinion on this subject, yet we are aware of the fact that the great majority of Delawareans prefer the nomination of Grover Cleveland to that of any other man in the country. The ex-Governor, because of the high positions which he has occupied, may be considered by many who are not acquainted with the facts of the case as speaking for the people of Delaware, but such was not the case because he did not wish to be so understood, nor would he willingly mislead the people of New York in such a way.

Delawareans are for Cleveland by a large majority, with Pattison as second choice. Governor and Senator Hill is too anxious to get into too many offices at one time, and he does not measure up to the standard set by Grover Cleveland as a fearless and honest statesman. Of these facts Delawareans are well aware and it is now safe to say that Delaware delegates will go to the national convention as Cleveland men.

THE CHANCELLOR has ordered the Levy Court to appear before him tomorrow to show cause why an injunction should not be issued which will prevent the Court from placing on the duplicate four thousand names of persons who hold tax receipts, and who were returned as delinquents. There are grave doubts in the minds of some of the members of the Levy Court and the attorney for the Court as to whether or not these names should go upon the duplicates. Those doubts have arisen from the fact that many persons hold receipts for taxes paid directly to Collectors, and yet who have been returned by those Collectors as not having paid; it is a serious question whether or not a man who has actually paid his tax can be deprived of his right to vote by a clerical error made by a collector, and this question has placed Mr. E. G. Bradford and several members of the Levy Court in very unpleasant positions.

The really dangerous and criminal part of the whole business is that the receipts which the committee of the Levy Court had in charge, and which that committee were ready to consider sufficient evidence that the names thereon written belonged to men who have paid tax, seem to have been bought at wholesale from persons who had no right to sell in that way. If any Collector has done any criminal act he should be summarily punished. The appointment of men who are not fitted for the office of Collector has resulted in the collapse of the system.

To return to the subject in hand, we believe the effort to place these names on the duplicate at this time to be the work of a few persons who are allowed to engineer the Levy Court and who should be either compelled to perform the duties for which the government pays them or be summarily ejected from the sinecures which they hold. The error lists submitted by the Collectors were examined by the Levy Court and marked correct; by that act the Levy Court decided that these names should be stricken from the list; to put them on at this time would not only be contrary to law, but would reverse the decision made by the Levy Court in March.

The Wilmington M. E. Preachers' Association will discuss "The Athletic Development of Ministers" next Monday in Fletcher Hall.

At a negro picnic in Seaford last Saturday night George Robinson, a negro waiter, and Luke Nichols, a negro desperado, become involved in a fight. The former had the best of the affray, and Nichols subsequently got his revenge by shooting Robinson three times. The desperado escaped, but a posse is in pursuit and if captured he may be roughly dealt with. Robinson is mortally wounded.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

EVERYONE TURNS OUT AND ASSISTS IN MAKING IT ONE OF THE GREATEST EVENTS IN THE HISTORY OF THE TOWN.

Not only did Middletown surpass all previous efforts in the observance of July 4th, but she completely eclipsed every town or city in the State. It was a memorable day in the town's history and the demonstration was by far the grandest ever held here. The weather was all that could be desired. No disturbances occurred and not a single arrest was made. The crowd was good natured and nothing occurred in any way to mar the pleasure of the day.

The shooting crackers and other fireworks in the hands of the small boys awoke the town at an early hour, and from then until late at night there was a continual boom. The town ordinance prohibits the use of shooting crackers, torpedoes, etc., within the town limits but the Commissioners decided to forego one day and let the boys have their fun on the Fourth; and they had it.

Visitors began to pour into town about 7 o'clock in the morning and kept coming the remainder of the day. They came from all parts of the State and in almost every conceivable manner. Country boys with their sweethearts, sturdy farmers with their families, and the dusky damsels and their gallant beaux were all present and swelled the crowd until it excelled any seen here for many years.

The colored people held their Fourth of July picnic at Lamokin, Pa., and a big crowd left on the 9 o'clock train for that place. They composed almost entirely the worst element of the colored people of this neighborhood and the town was fortunate in getting rid of them so easily. Many of the crowd were under the influence of liquor before they left and had they remained no doubt there would have been more than one fracas.

On the first southbound train came Hyatt's Military Band and Eureka Council, No. 22, Jr. O. U. A. M., of Wilmington, and a crowd of visitors from the upper part of the State. A big delegation met the visitors at the depot and headed by the Citizen's Cornet Band of this place, they marched down Main street to the Lodge room of the Jr. O. U. A. M., in McWhorter's Hall. The parade was formed almost immediately, and followed by an admiring crowd proceeded over the line of march as previously made out.

The procession was headed by Chief Marshall W. R. Reynolds, mounted on a handsome black charger, Lina D., gaily decorated with flags, and seemingly feeling the honor conferred upon her by being allowed to lead the way on such an occasion. Hyatt's Military Band followed, and next came Eureka Council, No. 22. The uniforms of the latter were linen dusters, straw hats, and red, white and blue umbrellas and the order presented a fine appearance. The speakers in carriages, the Board of Education, W. R. Reynolds' float, Battery A. and the *Era* float followed and completed the first division of the procession. Next came a troop of mounted deputy marshalls, the Citizens' Cornet Band, Volunteer Hose Company, Volunteer Hook and Ladder Truck, the 13 original colonies represented by school children in wagons, the States represented in the same manner, the float—Goddess of Liberty, Major John Jones Post, No. 22, G. A. R., float—plantation scene, the new flag borne by members of Council, and lastly Middletown's Jr. O. U. A. M.

All along the route the street was filled with an admiring crowd. The private residences and places of business were decorated with flags and bunting, and the decorations in some places were very handsome.

When the exercises began at the Academy, immediately after the parade, the large yard surrounding the place was completely filled with people. The speakers, the members of the Board of Education and several others occupied positions on the porch, which served as a platform, and the young ladies who were to assist with the singing, the Jr. O. U. A. M., and Hyatt's Military Band stood near by.

The exercises opened with prayer by Rev. N. M. Brown, followed by the school children singing "America." "The Declaration of Independence" was then read by W. Reese Parker, after which Hyatt's Military Band delighted the assemblage with some excellent music.

E. R. Cochran, Jr., of this place, delivered the oration. It was a very able address and we are pleased to be able to reproduce it in full on our first page. Mr. Cochran was warmly congratulated by his friends at the conclusion of his address.

The singing the "Red, White and Blue" by the school was followed by E. S. Jones introducing Gustav Bacharach, Esq., of Philadelphia, to the audience. Mr. Bacharach made a short but very entertaining address, describing the aims and purposes of the Jr. O. U. A. M., of which he is a prominent member, and concluded by presenting the flag purchased by the Order for the Board of Education, to that body in a few well-chosen words.

During all this time the audience had kept remarkably quiet, except when the different parts were applauded, but when, after Mr. Bacharach's address, the school began singing "The Star Spangled Banner," the patriotic feelings of the crowd could be kept back no longer and many joined in the music.

Hugh C. Browne was next introduced and spoke for nearly an hour. He made a very able and eloquent address and his remarks on receiving the flag in behalf of the Board of Education, were well-chosen and befitting the occasion. After the singing of the doxology and the benediction by Rev. F. H. Moore, the flag was made ready to run up on the pole.

The first attempt was unsuccessful, and the flag did not catch the wind properly, owing to some disarrangement of the ropes. It was pulled down and the second trial was more successful. Never did a flag float out more gracefully to the breeze than did this one, nor did ever a crowd cheer louder than that which looked up at the stars and stripes from the Academy yard last Saturday. As it was run up the last time hundreds of small flags fell from its folds and were scattered over the heads of the people below. The flag-raising concluded the exercises here and the crowd soon dispersed.

The visitors from Wilmington—Hyatt's Military Band, and Eureka Council, No. 22,—were entertained in excellent style at McWhorter's Hall, by the home Council. After dinner they amused themselves in numerous ways and seemed to have a good time.

The stores did not close any time during the day. They did a rushing business on crackers, cheese and the like, and a party from the country, seated on a goods box or in some out of the way shady spot with a supply of such eatables, was not an unusual sight.

The Wilmington delegation returned home on the 4.27 train. The Band discoursed some patriotic music on their way to the depot and a big crowd was on hand to see them off. As the train pulled out of the station they gave three rousing cheers for Middletown and her Jr. O. U. A. M. The Wilmington visitors were a gentlemanly crowd and won many favorable comments by the way they conducted themselves.

Toward evening many of the visitors from the country and elsewhere left town but the streets were still thronged with people, and they found plenty of amusement. As soon as it became dark enough fireworks were brought out and for several hours they kept going off in different parts of the town. A display given by a party of young ladies and gentlemen about 9 o'clock in the evening, on the corner of Main and Scott streets, attracted much attention and was very pretty.

By 12 o'clock there were comparatively few people on the streets and the town had once more gone back to its usual state of quietude. Thus closed the day on which was held the grandest Fourth of July demonstration Middletown has ever seen.

Card of Thanks.

The members of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics wish to return thanks to every one who assisted them in any way with the Fourth of July demonstration, and particularly to those who took part in the exercises of the day.

THE Secretary of the Treasury of the United States is at present engaged in a controversy with Mr. Powderly, leader of the Knights of Labor, concerning the discharge of several printers from the government printing office. The only reason for a reinstatement of these men is a political one. Secretary Foster says they were discharged because they were useless, and that one of them was a dangerous character. Mr. Powderly steps in and informs Mr. Foster that in case these men are not reinstated the Knights of Labor will defeat Mr. McKinley who wants to be Governor of Ohio. Mr. Foster immediately promises to reinstate the men when he is informed that another labor organization is stronger in Ohio than the Knights, and that the reinstatement will cause that organization to fight McKinley.

All this places Mr. Foster in a very unpleasant position, and at the same time serves him exactly right. Had he been attending to the duties of his high office instead of meddling with Ohio politics he would not be compelled to attempt to deceive the workingmen. If those plate printers were incompetent or useless they were properly discharged; if not they should have been retained. Mr. Foster will probably find enough work to do in so arranging figures as to show a surplus where a deficiency exists without taking a hand in politics. The dignity and importance of the office which he holds should cause Mr. Foster to forsake the ways of the wirepuller.

A New Harvester.

Mr. Wm. B. Earle, of Queen Anne's, cut his wheat with a new machine that is destined in the near future to supersede the self-binding reapers now so universally used. The *Record* says there is a strangeness about the appearance of such a machine, as the above, to us, because of what seems to be a verification of the old epigram that "the cart is before the horse." We behold two horses, harnessed in the rear of the "Header," pushing forward the light and simple machine as it quickly and effectively clips from the top of the standing straw the full heads of wheat, which are by the machine rapidly deposited in the accompanying wagons, and in them carted to the place of storage, to await the second step by the busy farmer." The "Header," as it is called, which is now at work in the fields of Mr. Earle, is the first of its kind east of the Alleghany mountains, and is somewhat curious to the eyes of the wide-awake farmers of this county. The machine is not guided in its course by the horses themselves, but there is attached to the back of the machine a small wheel or rudder which is manipulated by the director who rides above. As the entire machinery is before the horses and they are compelled to follow the course of the "header" itself, the helmsman is enabled to carry his machine by any line that suits his fancy. Mr. Earle and those who have witnessed its operation pronounced it an undoubted success.—Centreville Record.

Female Weakness Positive Cure. Free

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from deranged female organs. I will send two bottles of my remedy, FREE to any lady, if they will senn their Express and P. O. addres.

Yours truly,
DR. J. B. MARCHIS,
Utica, N. Y.

To Run a Special Fruit Train.

Arrangments are now under way to run a car or train of cars, if necessary, daily from points in Delaware to Philadelphia to carry all kinds of farm produce and truck to the wholesale and retail market which is about to be established at Thirtieth and Market streets. We are reliably informed that there is abundance of capital behind this undertaking and that the men who have invested in this new market house are willing to take all the risk of establishing a wholesale and retail business at that place, and are offeriug every possible inducement to commission merchants and others to locate there. They will thoroughly organize their trade from this Peninsula. The enterprise is an admirable one and promises to give the farmers of Delaware just the opportunity for which they have so long waited, of engaging in market gardening on a large scale, and under conditions that will leave no room to doubt the profitable and satisfactory outcome of the enterprise.—Delaware Farm and Home.

—For Hay Forks go to G. E. Hukill.

"Atlas" and "Wadsworth" Paints are the best; therefore, the cheapest.
G. E. HUKILL.

Wives differ from sweethearts, we all mus allow;
Mine cuddled me once, but she cudgels me now.

The summer's here and woe is me!
For 'tis the very same old story.
She's burning up my salaree
Fo rcream, is my ice-creamatory.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, July 6, 1891.

Store closed at one o'clock Saturdays.

The midsummer month follows hard on the most active June ever known in this store. We don't expect you to be interested in our big sales save as evidence that the ceaseless activity of Our Modern Methods in Merchandising, bringing always the newest things and overturning prices when conditions permit, are right. Another month of great retailing proves it.

All proper Shoes are here. The town is full of improper Shoes—Shoe frauds; you can get them almost anywhere.

Colored Patent Leather Shoes. Leading in their introduction we are foremost in their variety. Men's, four sorts, $7.50; women's, nine sorts, $6, $6.50, $7. Novel, rich, really elegant.

"Wanamaker Wear-Well" for men in colored goat at $3. Can you match them at $4?

Oxfords for women at $2.40 and $2.60 should be $3 and $4.

Each days adds new friends to our Shoe store. To deserve great success is to gain it. That's our principle of Shoe growth.

Dame or damsel, deacon or dandy will find all that is dainty, durable or desirable in Shoes right here.

The white Blazers and their companions are like the white-plumed-helmet-centre of the fray. Accord not discord makes the stir. Of course it does for this community is wise. The people know there is no Blazer cheapness like that we offer at $2.50, $3 and $3.50.

Like a regiment in two ranks stood the files at the Cotton Dress Goods—reduced—yesterday. Sweet dreams of Ginghams, grand Brandenburgs. Why mention? The sun shines but you need not that we tell you.

Lightning Ice Cream Freezers. The name means speed, not fire. This last achievement in Freezers is the greatest. Demonstration in Basement. The air is laden with compliments. But little thunder (noise) about them, and yet they "go" like lightning.

Have you seen the cheap Meat Cutters? To cut meat is only one of many graces. Neat, graceful little prices. They'll soon go. Then you'll be sorry. $1.15, $1.45, $1.75.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

SHIPPING TAGS.

WE HAVE on hand Shipping Tags suitable for marking peach baskets. Our prices are such that this mode of marking baskets costs far less than any other.

Give Us Your Order

at an early date. Your name and station plainly printed on good tags.

"THE TRANSCRIPT" OFFICE,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Miss Addie Hazzard

TEACHER OF

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

(PIANO OR ORGAN.)

Fall Term Will Begin Sept. 5th.

$10 PER TERM.

MIDDLETOWN . DELAWARE
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S. M. Reynolds & Co.

S. M. Reynolds & Co

OUR sales on Thin Goods has been very large during the last ten days, but we used the telegraph and express companies freely and now have our stocks replenished again ready for your inspection.

THIN DRESS GOODS.

White India Linen at 10, 12, 15, 18, 25 and 30c per yd.

Victoria Lawns, white grounds with beautiful trailing vines; at 5c per yd.

Handsome Challis Persian effects at 7c per yd.

Persian Mulls, cream grounds with beautiful roses and figures at 20c per yard.

Black and white Persian Mulls at 20c per yd, worth 25.

Embroidery Flouncings, 27 inches wide, handsome patterns, at 65, 90, $1.00, 1.10, 1.25 and 1.50 per yd.

Embroidery Flouncings, 45 inches wide, at $1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 1.60 per yd.

Black silk drapery net, 1.25 per yd.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

Black silk laces, 15c, 20c, 25c, 40c and 60c per yd.

Black and white Spanish laces, 14 in. wide, at 15c and worth 20c per yd.

Oriental embroidery laces, all widths from 1 to 10 in. at 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c to 35c per yd.

Black and white Spanish laces 14 in. wide at 60c and 65c per yd.

Hamburg edgings, all widths and prices at 3c, 5c, 6c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 25c, 35c and 40c per yd.

Cotton lace edgings at 1c, 2c, 3c and 4c per yd.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' night robes, plain and trimmed at 45c, 60c and 80c each.

Ladies' chemises, plain and trimmed at 38c, 50c and 75c each.

Ladies' corset covers, square and V shape at 35c, 50c and 75c each.

Ladies' drawers, plain, tucked and embroidered at 30c, 37c and 45c each.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

Misses' fast black hose, 5 to 9 in. at 10c, 12½c, 15c and 25c.

Boys' fast black hose, 7 to 9 in. at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 25c.

Ladies' fast black hose, 8 to 10 in. at 12½c, 15c, 20c and 25c.

Men's fancy cotton hose at 10c, 15c and 25c.

Men's seamless mixed hose at 8c, 10c and 12½c.

Gents' black and steel seamless half hose at 15c.

Gents' lisle gloves, at 15c. and 25c.

Gents' castor beaver driving gloves, at $1.25 and 1.50.

Gents' plain dog skin and calf gloves, at 75, 1.00 and 1.25.

Ladies' black silk mitts, at 25, 30, and 50c.

Ladies' black silk gloves, 25, 50 and upwards.

Childrens' black silk mitts, at 25 and 30.

Full assortment of kid gloves all the new shades and black.

SHOES AND HATS.

Child's kid oxford ties, 75c, 85c and $1.00.

Misses' kid xford tieos, 90c, $1.00 and 1.25.

Ladies' kid oxford ties, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00.

Boy's lawn tennis oxford ties, 70c. Ladies' lawn tennis oxford ties, 70c.

Boy's black straw hats, 50c. 75 and 1.00.

Boy's Mackinaw straw hats, 50 and 75.

Boy's llnen collars, 12 to 14c.

S. M. Reynolds & Co.

Boy's fancy roman ties, new shades.

New arrival of all silk ribbons, No. 5 at 10, No. 7 at 12, No. 9 at 15, No. 12 at 20c.

Perforated leather belts at 25c. Silk parasols still going at $1.00, worth 1.50.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Boys' two-piece Cassimere Suits, short pants, sizes 4 to 14 years, at $2.00, 2.50 and 3.00 per suit.

Boys' 2-piece fancy Cheviot suits, short pants, 4 to 14 years, at $4.00 and 5.00 per suit.

Boys' double breasted black cheviots, two pieces, short pants, 8 to 14 years, $5.00 and $6.00 per suit.

Boys' double breasted blue flannel two-piece suits, short pants, 8 to 14 years $5.00 to $6.00 per suit.

FOR HARVEST.

Harvesting oils, 30 and 50 cents per gallon. Harvest-oil in gallon tin cans at 60c per gallon.

Tin cups, pudding pans, bowls, cups and saucers, vegetable dishes, meat dishes, napkins, pitchers, glass tumblers, 35c per dozen.

Broad brim straw hats for men and boys.

S. M. Reynolds & Co

THIN CLOTHING. You feel like wearing it, we are certain, and when it is within your reach in such a quantity of styles at moderate prices you should try and make yourself comfortable. With flannels, summer serges, mohairs, pongees, alpacas and many other materials in the field it is not difficult to pick your ideal. We devote one entire department to this class of goods and we can sell you a coat and vest of an excellent wash material for $1.00. That will be a dollar well spent. Try it. $1.50, $2, $2.50 and so on up to $9 bring coats and vests of better materials. A better line you cannot find. Odd coats start at 40c, hundreds sold so far this season—and run up to $5. Every thin thing you may want is here and at moderate prices. We would like to show you through, for you would feel cooler looking at them even.

JAS. T. MULLIN & SON,
Tailors, 6th & Market,
Clothiers, Wilmington.

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A COMMODIOUS AND CONVIENTLY LOCATED

DWELLING HOUSE
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Splendid shade, nice grass sward, and large garden attached. Will sell cheap.
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Miscellaneous Advertisements.

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—AT—

THE GENTLEMEN'S DRIVING TRACK,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,

On Wednesday, July 29th

At 2 O'clock P. M., sharp.

To Consist of Three Classes, as follows:

3.00 Class. Value of Stakes, $15.00.

1st Premium, Open Bridle; 2d Premium, Cooling Blanket; 3d Premium, English Riding Bridle.

2.40 Class. Value of Stakes, $20.00.

1st Premium, Gents' Riding Saddle; 2d Premium, a Plush Robe; 3d Premium, Three Sweat Blankets.

Colt Race. 3 Years and Under. Value of Stakes, $15.00.

1st Premium, Toe Weights; 2d Premium, Shin and Ankle Boots; 3d Premium, Quarter Boots.

Entrance Fee.—Ten Per Cent of Stakes at time of Entrance.

ENTRIES CLOSE TUESDAY, JULY 28th, AT 6 O'CLOCK P. M.

Admission, 25 Cts. Ladies Free.

Address W. R. REYNOLDS,
E. R. COCHRAN, Jr.,
Managers.

WILL WILMINGTON HAVE COLORED POLICE?

IS THE ITEM OF INTEREST THERE.

But my Hand-made Harness and the Revolution in prices is what interests you.

Sheets, Lap Dusters, Fly Nets, Bits, Brushes,

In fact you have paid 150 per cent. profit on everything in this line for the last time. If you doubt it, consult my stock.

W. R. REYNOLDS,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

1891. 1891.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

Steamer Clio

Captain E. S. Brooks,
—WILL LEAVE—
Odessa for Philadelphia,
—AND RETURN FROM—
Pier 9, North Wharves,
As per time table.

ODESSA.	JULY.	PHILA.
Thursday 2,	5½ p m Friday 3,	2 p m
Monday 6,	7½ p m Tuesday 7,	5½ p m
Thursday 9,	11½ a m Friday 10,	7½ p m
Monday 13,	1½ p m Tuesday 14,	10½ a m
Thursday 16,	4 p m Friday 17,	12½ p m
Monday 20,	7½ p m Tuesday 21,	4½ p m
Thursday 23,	8 p m Friday 24,	7 p m
Monday 27,	1 p m Tuesday 28,	10½ a m
Thursday 30,	4 p m Friday 31,	1 p m

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Freighted at Reasonable Rates.

Attention given to the careful handling and prompt delivery of all consignments.

For information in regard to freight rates apply to F. B. WATKINS,
ad23-tf Odessa, Del.

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WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.

Dealers in High-class Investment Securities
Yielding 4 to 6 Per Cent.

Buy and sell stocks and bonds on commission. jan1-1y

MARTIN B. BURRIS,

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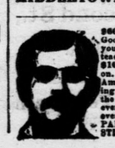
BROAD ST., 2nd Door Above MAIN,

MIDDLETOWN. . . DELAWARE



$6000.00 a year is being made by John R. Goodwin, Troy, N.Y., at work for us. Reader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time, or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay SURE for every worker. We start you, furnishing everything. EASILY, SPEEDILY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

HAY FORKS

—AT—

W. S. LETHERBURY'S,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

JEFFERSON B. FOARD,

Commission Merchant,

Grain, Fruit and Implements,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

WE HAVE REMOVED to the office of Alexander Maxwell, on Railroad Avenue and beg to inform our friends and patrons that we will continue the business at the new stand lately conducted at the office on Main St. A full line of Agricultural Implements and Machinery constantly on hand.

Oliver Chilled Plows and Castings,
Auburn Farm Wagons,
Osborne Binders and Mowers,
Reeves' Stacker.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Grain.

Jefferson B. Foard.
By R. J. FOARD, Attorney.

The Transcript

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

Thursday Afternoon July 9th, 1891.

MAILS CLOSE GOING NORTH—8.40, 11.15 a. m 4.10, p. m.

MAILS CLOSE GOING SOUTH—8.55 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.

Office hours from 7 o'clock A. M, to 7 P. M.

Church Directory.

MIDDLETOWN M. E. CHURCH.

Rev. N. M. Brown, Pastor.

Preaching every Sabbath at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 2 p. m. Alfred G. Cox, Superintendent. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7.30 o'clock. The class meetings are held as follows: Sunday, 9 a. m., M. D. Wilson, Leader; Monday evening at 7.00 o'clock two classes, W. H. Moore and John B Roberts, Leaders; Tuesday evening at 7.30, led by the pastor; Wednesday evening at 7.00 o'clock two classes, Rev. Alfred Smith and Alfred G. Cox, Leaders. The seats are free and all are welcome.

FOREST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Francis H. Moore, Pastor.

Services held every Sabbath morning at 10.30 o'clock, and every Sabbath evening at 7.30. Sabbath school will be held every Sabbath morning at 9.15 o'clock. Harry Ellison Superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.

Services at Armstrong's chapel the first Sabbath of each month at 2.30 p. m.

ST. ANNE'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Rev. J. Beers, Rector.

Divine Service on Sunday mornings at half past ten o'clock and in the evenings at half past seven. Sunday-school at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Services Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

Town Notes.

— Rev. N. M. Browne of the M. E. Church this town, will exchange pulpits with Rev. Frank Fletcher of Townsend next Sunday morning.

— E. R. Cochran, Jr. and W. R. Reynolds have leased for the season the track on G. F. Brady's farm near town, and will put it in thorough order. They propose giving a series of races the latter part of this month and others later in the season.

— The annual camp-meeting of Dale's M. E. Church will commence on Saturday evening the 18th inst, and hold over two Sundays, closing on the 28th. The camp will be held on the same site as last year, at the corner of Lake street and school house lane.

— Manager Barnie of the Baltimore base-ball team has decided to give W. V. Hawke, who pitched for the Middletown club last year, a trial with the professionals and the result of the trial and Manager Barnie's opinion of his playing will be eagerly awaited by the young man's friends here.

— The track at Warwick has been put in thorough order, and the first races of the season will be given on Thursday afternoon next. There will be four classes—2.30, 2.40, 2.50, and 3.00 minute, also a colt race. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged. Ladies free.

— M. F. Mills, a freight brakeman on the Delaware railroad, while coupling cars at the depot here, about 10 o'clock Saturday night had his right arm was badly mashed, and Dr. R. B. McKee was summoned to attend the injury. He was afterward sent to Wilmington on his train. Strange to state, although the member was fearfully mashed no bones were broken.

— Raising patridges by placing the eggs under a common hen was not a successful experiment as tried by Thomas Scott of this place. The eggs hatched out all right and the birds lived and thrived for several days, but finally became sick and died. This is an experiment that has been tried by different persons numerous times before, but we do not recollect any one being successsul.

— While cleaning some loose wheat from the cylinder of a threshing machine which was at work at his place, Henry Ellison, a well known farmer of near Summit Bridge, on Saturday last met with an accident which caused him to lose three of the fingers on his right hand. The cylinder was revolving at the rate of about 850 revolutions a minute at the time of the accident and the fingers were so badly mangled that amputation was necessary. They were taken off below the second joint.

— The Baltimore "Sun" has the following to say in reference to Hawke, who played with the Middletown club last season: Pitcher Hawke can have a trial with the Baltimore club if he wants it. A telegram was sent to the Elkton man who recommended the young fellow, asking him to send Hawke on and the officers of the club would look him over. A special dispatch to the "Sun" from Elkton says Hawke will probably come on and try his chances, but has not decided positively. If he puts in an appearance Manager Barnie, who is considered an expert in judging ball players, will probably take him in hand and watch his pitching in practice. Hawke will be given an opportunity to enter the box against a team of comparatively weak hitters if both the manager and Captain Van Haltren agree that his work is promising." It is stated that Hawke will play the rest of the season out with Elkton. Last year was his first season as a successful twirler.

—After a great deal of discussion the merchants of Milford have decided to close their stores at 8 P. M. until October 1st. The move is a good one and should be followed by the business men of this town. A short time ago when the change in the mails occured and it was announced that the post-office would close at eight o'clock, it created quite a stir and was thought to be a great inconvenience for every one who patronized the place, but after a trial of a few weeks, it is found that the change is not so very bad after all, and if the people know the office will close at a certain hour they will make it a point to be there before that time. If the stores should close at 8 o'clock it would be the same way. The proprietors would lose no trade, would be just as well off, and the employes, who are now confined in the stores from six in the morning until 8.30 or 9 at night would, be a great deal better off. Let our merchants consider the idea and follow the example of Milford's business men.

— Services in Old St. Anne's church next Sunday at 10.30 A. M. If wet, then on the following Sunday.

— The Board of Trade will meet in regular session to-morrow night at 8 o'clock, at the Board of Trade rooms, Cochran Block.

— The long bridge over Augustine creek, south of Port Penn, is unsafe for heavy travel, and Levy Court commissioner Jolls has given notice to that effect.

— The Band of Hope will hold no more meetings until September 1st. During the past year the meetings have been well attended, and have had an average attendance of forty each time.

— W. A. Comegys purchased and shipped for E. L. Rogers & Co., of Philadelphia, the first car-load of new wheat of the season Tuesday. The wheat was in good order and of good quality.

— The Sunday school of Forest Presbyterian Church, will go to Augustine Pier on their annual picnic on Tuesday, July 21, if the committee can make satisfactory arrangements for that day.

— List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post-office, which can be had by saying they are advertised: J. A. Amsbough, H. C. Mullen, Miss Deliah Blackson, Y. Calvin Riley, Theodore Lambert.

— After repeated attempts to secure singers for the cantata of "Esther the Beautiful Queen," Professor Druckenmiller has given up the project and left town Wednesday for the lower part of the State, where he hopes to meet with better success.

— Up to this morning there had been 211 baskets of peaches shipped from here this season. Mr. W. D. Bradford shipped 59 baskets of this number and the remainder came from different farms in the neighborhood. Those shipped so far have been mostly premature and have brought low prices.

— The residence of Mr. Rufus Stewart near Newark, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The house was destroyed, but the furniture was saved. A lamp is supposed to have caused the disaster. Mr. Stewart was formerly a resident of Port Penn, and is well-known in this neighborhood.

— The members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union have decided to hold monthly public gospel meetings at their headquarters. Meetings to be conducted by one of their members. The first one will be held Friday evening at 7.45 o'clock. All friends of temperance are invited to attend.

— Owing to the stormy weather the pier party which was to have been given by some of our young men last evening, did not come off. It has been postponed until next Wednesday, when it is hoped the weather will be more suitable.

— Mr. Thomas McWhorter an aged and respected citizen of this hundred, died at his residence near St. Georges, this morning. Mr. McWhorter was the father of J. F. McWhorter of this town; he had resided for many years in the vicinity of St. Georges and owned there a valuable property. The deceased has been in bad health for several months, and was very ill for several weeks last winter. He was about seventy-five years of age, and during his whole life was an active business man and a successful farmer.

— It will be a pleasure to many to learn that the good Professor Weber, mentioned some weeks ago as having broken one of his legs, is just on the mend, notwithstanding his advanced age of 92 years, and it is indeed very hard to decide which is doing him the most good, the skilled physician, thoughtful and kind attention, or that wonderful bed of Mr. Wilson's. It will do anything but talk to the sick or maimed. Since the Professor has been on the ways for repairs he has been interviewing (Miss) Ana Tomy, and the boys may look out for something new from that quarter.

A Fourth of July Blaze.

The stable and carriage house of John R. Dawson on Lake street were destroyed by fire on Saturday evening at 10 o'clock. When the blaze was first discovered by some colored people who were passing, it had gained considerable headway and the interior of the building was a mass of flames; and by the time the news could be taken to the electric light station and the alarm sounded the entire structure was ablaze. The Volunteer Hose Company were on the scene in a very few minutes and had two streams turned on the building. In five minutes after the hose company got to work the fire was completely under control.

Besides one and a half tons of hay in the loft, one drop-foot carriage, four sets of single harness, one set of double harness, six or eight lap robes and several forks, shovels, etc, were consumed and a sleigh in an adjoining shed was badly damaged by the heat. Mr. Samuel Wrightson was the first to go inside the building after the fire was discovered. He cut the halter of the horse and released it. He was none too soon, for some of the contents of the loft fell a few seconds later. Four carriages and a dog cart were also removed from the building. One of them was taken out by Willie Holten, a 13-year-old lad who happened to be near. He took off his coat and with it over his head rushed into the smoke, and pulled one of the carriages out into the street. The entire loss will amount to about $500, on which there was an insurance of $225.

Mr. Dawson expects to rebuild in about two weeks and the new building will be much larger and more commodious than the old one.

The origin of the fire is a mystery, but it is generally supposed that it was caused by fireworks, which were being put off in the vicinity.

Direct Tax Commissioner, J. Frank Wilds, now has a complete list of all those who paid the direct tax, and is ready to disburse the $75,000 returned by the government to the State.

A million-dollar deed, transferring the New Castle cut-off to the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, is on file in the office of Recorder of Deeds Shallcross, in Wilmington.

Personal Mention.

— Hon. Chas. B. Lore was in town on Friday.

— Miss Sadie Flynn is visiting relatives in Newport.

— George Jones, Esq. of Dover, was in town on Friday.

— Mr. and Mrs. Metts of Philadelphia, are visiting in town.

— Miss Rhiel of Freehold, N. J., is visiting Miss Eliza Cochran.

— Miss Lottie Jones of Philadelphia, is home on a vacation.

— Miss Bessie Harris of New York, is visiting Miss Mabel Taylor.

— Mrs. Garrett J. Hart of Wilmington, is visiting Miss Mabel Parvis.

— Dr. Spalding of Baltimore, visited in town on Monday and Tuesday.

— Dr. Martin Barr of Ellwyn, Pa., is visiting his mother on Cass street.

— Victor Green of Wilmington, spent the Fourth at his home in town.

— Miss Lizzie Parker visited friends and relatives in the country this week.

— Samuel Price of Philadelphia, spent a few days of the past week in town.

— Fred Brady returned home from school Friday, for the summer vacation.

— Rev. Mr. Fletcher and wife were visitors at the M. E. parsonage last Saturday.

— Miss Sallie McWhorter returned home Tuesday from a visit to Millington.

— W. A. Hukill, Jr., of Wilmington, is visiting his uncle, G. E. Hukill of Middletown.

— Victor Cochran of Philadelphia, is spending his vacation at his home in Middletown.

— Mrs. W. H. Houston and Miss Eugene Beasten left this morning for a visit to Baltimore.

— Enoch Purnell of Philadelpdia, spent several days of the past week with E. W. Prettyman.

— Mr. H. F. Pickles and wife of Wilmington, were the guests of Rev. Mr. Browne last week.

— Miss Anita Houston of Mt. Pleasant, has for her guest Miss Annie Cochran of New York.

— Miss Blanche Griffis of "The Woodlands," Baltimore, is the guest of Miss Ada Lockwood.

— Niven Crockett of Philadelphia, is home on a two months' vacation for the benefit of his health.

— Harry Mudge of the P. W. & B. R. R. office, Philadelphia, is visiting the family of T. E. Hurn.

— Miss Beatrice Edgecomb of New York, is spending her vacation at the home of Miss Lucy Cochran.

— Miss Flora Bean attended the ball given by the young men of Elkton at that place Tuesday evening.

— Mrs. Samuel Price had for her guests the past week Mrs. Harry Holt and two daughters of Wilmington.

— Superintendent Holliday of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was one of the many visitors here on the Fourth.

— The Misses Jennie Nevius and Minnie Metzler of Trenton, N. J. are employed in S. M. Reynolds & Co's new store.

—Messrs. C. B. Holten, Will. Moore and C. Jones of Philadelphia, are each spending their vacation at their home here.

— Mrs. Edward Jones and daughters, Misses Effie and May, were the guests of Mrs. Isaac Taylor this week.

— Albert Willey, lately in the employ of S. M. Reynolds & Co., returned to his home in Greenwood on Monday.

— Mrs. L. A. Evans and daughter, Miss Lizzie, of Wilmington, have been the guests of Mrs. J. C. Parker the past week.

— Miss Ethel McWhorter of Millington, and Miss Alice Stanton of Philadelphia, are the guests of Miss Sallie McWhorter.

— William Parker, a leading merchant of Milton, Del., was the guest of George F. Wilson for a few days the past week.

— Mrs. R. A. Bowers and son of Still Pond, returned home to-day from a two weeks' visit with J. Fletcher Deakyne and family.

— Harry B. Marshall, formerly with S. M. Reynolds & Co. at this place, but who, for some time past, has been with the firm at their Trenton store, has returned to town and resumed his old position.

— The following were among the list of visitors who were here on the Fourth: Messrs. Martin Walker, Horace Walker, John J. Hoffecker, Warren Cochran, Thomas Hall, Frank Reynolds and Will. Janvier of Philadelphia; Editor Robert D. Hoffecker and son, L. O. Waller and the Misses Maie Farrell and Addie Hoffecker of Smyrna; Frank Diggs, Baltimore; A. H. Reynolds, B. W. Wilson, Elkton; Sereck Williams, D. W. Wilson, Will. Lingo, J. L. Parsons and wife of Wilmington; Edward Burnham, Dover.

The Progress of a Century.

A copy of the "Ulster County Gazettee," published at Kingston, N. Y., Saturday, January 4th, 1800, containing an account of the action of Congress and of President John Adams upon receiving news of the death of George Washington at Mt. Vernon, has been handed us by a valued subscriber.

This little paper of sixteen columns displays in its sombre appearance, and expresses editorially, the deep sorrow felt by the country at large at that time, for the departure of the great and good Washington. It also gives a short account of the obsequies at Mt. Vernon where Washington was buried. There is also a considerable amount of European war news gathered from papers dated October 20th, which had been received by the "Factor" from Falmouth.

These papers came in the regular course of the mail and the time consumed in their transmission seems to have extended from October 20th to December 23, a period of two months. The progress of science has greatly changed the systems of the past, but in no way can this be seen to greater advantage than in the difference between the time necessary for the transmission of news from one Continent to another. At that time sailing ships brought the mails, and through the mails even the most urgent and hasty messages had to be sent. At this time news is flashed under the Atlantic Ocean by electricity at a rate almost as swift as light.

The paper was printed on a press which would now be useless even in the most primitive printing office in this country to-day, and on paper which was manufactured in mills which would not bear comparison with the mills of the present time. By a glimpse of this kind at the newspapers of that time we are able to comprehend the marvelous progress made in the business of publishing. To-day the New York "World" is turning out an average of 300,000 copies per day of a size twenty times greater than that of the "Ulster County Gazette" of January 4th, 1800.

There seems to be no room to doubt the possibility of as great an advance in the next hundred years as that which has taken place in the last, but surely, if such be the case, the millenium will have been reached at that time.

The Chancellor Grants a Preliminary Injunction.

A committee of the Levy Court was engaged last week in an effort to place upon the tax duplicates the names of about 4,000 men, said by F. E. Bach and Marshal Mahaffy to reside in Wilmington hundred. The committee had in charge a number of tax receipts sufficient for the purpose which had been procured from the Wilmington collectors. It is said by many that these receipts were fraudulent and had been sold by the collectors at a rate which is below what is required by law and also that they had been sold in bulk to the Republican Executive Committee. The law requires the Levy Court to be in daily session through the month of March, after which time no new names shall be placed upon the lists.

Without the least regard for the provisions of this law the committee set about putting on these 4,000 names in July. In order to prevent this deliberate infraction of the law John H. Rodney, Esq. proceeded to Dover Monday and asked Chancellor Saulsbury to grant a preliminary injunction which would compel the Levy Court to stop putting on the names. After hearing the argument the Chancellor granted the injunction and the Levy Court will have to show cause to-morrow why a permanent injunction shall not be issued, which will prevent the putting on of any new names.

When the Sheriff served the notice the committee rested from their labors and submitted to the inevitable. When asked why they intended to place these names on the duplicates at this time in direct violation of the law the answer was, that if the Court of Errors and Appeals decided the Churchman case, which is now before that court, in favor of Churchman, then Churchman and all the other 4,000 would be entitled to have their names placed on the duplicates, otherwise they could be regarded as errors. This was regarded as too hasty a method by Mr. Rodney who applied for an injunction. The Republicans claim that several thousand dollars would be saved by placing these names on the lists, but, while this may have been the idea of one or two members of the Levy Court there is not much doubt of the fact that the guardians of the Levy Court were striving to save $4,500 of party funds said to have been paid for the receipts by the Republican workers. It is said that many persons have paid their taxes and hold receipts therefore, who were returned as delinquents. In order to get at the facts the following resolution was adopted, viz:

WHEREAS, It is alleged and currently reported that certain collectors of taxes heretofore appointed have collected from various taxables of this country a large sum of money and have unlawfully withheld and retained the same and appropriated it to their own use; and

WHEREAS, No subsequent action of said collectors can absolve them from their obligations in paying to the county any money unlawfully withheld by them and due the county; therefore, be it

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to investigate said charges and proceed without delay to take such action it shall be necessary to recover from said collectors all money by them collected and unlawfully and fraudulently retained.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

As there is danger of a serious delay in the collection of taxes for this year, caused by the legal controversy, Mr. Grubb offered the following:

WHEREAS, The tax for the year, A. D., 1891, has been levied upon the basis of assessment as ascertained after the allowance of errors by this court and

WHEREAS, The duplicates for the receiver of taxes have been made out in conformity with that levy and the same is now ready for delivery to him, and

WHEREAS, The Act of the General Assembly provides that such duplicates shall be placed in the hands of the receiver of taxes on or before July 1st, which period has now elapsed.

Resolved, That the duplicate aforesaid, properly signed, be at once placed in the hands of the receiver of taxes in order that he may receive such taxes.

After a good deal of talk the resolution was defeated and it is now certain that the receiver will not get his duplicate until the Chancellor has made some final disposition of the case now before him.

Leckner—Cochran Nuptials.

At the residence of the bride's parents in Camden, N. J. on Thursday, July 2nd, at 3 o'clock, P. M. a small company assembled to witness the marriage of Dr. John D. Leckner to Miss Annie M. Cochran, eldest daughter of Mr. Henry S. Cochran. The bride was becomingly dressed in white and carried a bouquet of Marchall Neil roses, the gift of Master Charlie Leckner, the groom's eldest son. The ceremony was performed by Rev. George A. Latimer, rector of St. John's P. E. Church of Philadelphia. The newly wedded pair took the 4 o'clock train for Cape May.

Mrs Sallie Smith, colored, who died at Newark, weighed 400 pounds. The body had to be carried out of the house and placed in the coffin on the porch.

DELAWARE CITY.

HAPPENINGS OF A WEEK IN A THRIVING TOWN.—PERSONAL ITEMS OF INTEREST.

— Mr. Joseph J. Messig has been spending a week at Woodhaven, N. Y.

— The steamer Mayor Reybold displayed a new set of flags on the Fourth.

— The Morris brothers of Philadelphia, spent the Fourth here with their parents.

— Mrs. W. C. Webb, who has been quite ill for several days is improving.

— The first hay party of the season left here on Monday evening for Augustine Pier.

— Mr. P. Morris of Philadelphia, spent a few days this week with Master Fred Silva.

— Miss Kate Lang and Miss Kate Brophy of Philadelphia, spent Saturday and Sunday in Delaware City.

— A bay party of twenty glass blowers from Bridgeton, N. J., passed through here on Tuesday evening, on their way down the Chesapeake Bay.

— The M. E. Sunday school made their annual excursion to Woodland Beach, on the steamer Thomas Clyde, on Wednesday

— An excursion from Bridgeton, N. J., passed through the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal on Wednesday morning, bound for Tolchester, Md.

— Miss Nettie Colburn entertained a large party of Wilmington friends at her beautiful home, Marshfield, near Delaware City, on Wednesday evening.

— Delaware Castle, No. 12, K. G. E. will hold a festival on Adams street, above Second, on the evenings of Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, July 14, 15, 16th.

— Prof. Gardiner, principal of the Delaware City public school is visiting relatives in New York City, and will spend a part of his vacation on the Hudson river and in Adirondack mountains.

— The annual excursion from Pennsgrove, N. J., to Tolchester, via. Chesapeake & Delaware Canal was made on Wednesday. The weather being stormy, only about two hundred were on board. They were accompanied by the Pennsgrove band.

— The M. E. Sunday school excursion, which was to go to Woodland Beach on the steamer Thomas Clyde, on Wednesday, was, owing to the stormy weather, postponed until next Wednesday.

— The game of base ball which was to have been played here, between the Atlas of this place and the Upland of Upland, Pa., on Wednesday, was postponed on account of the weather. The Atlas will play a game with a picked nine at Woodland Beach next Wednesday.

— Two of the Ericsson Line steamers have been put on the peach route, carrying peaches from Sassafras river, Md., to Philadelphia; the first shipment of fifteen hundred baskets passed through here on Monday evening.

— A sailing yacht, belonging to Mr. Buckalew of Salem, N. Y. having on board a party of four ladies and six gentlemen, capsized in the Delaware, along the bar between here and Salem creek, on Sunday afternoon. A boat left here immediately to give them assistance, but before it reached them, a boat passing along there, went to their aid, and rescued all of them.

— The Fourth of July passed off quietly here. There was no public celebration, but the stores and dwellings were decorated with bunting and flags, and everybody seemed to enjoy themselves. The town was crowded with visitors from Philadelphia and other places, who came to visit their old homes and friends here, quite a number remaining over to spend their vacation.

— The corner-stone to be laid at the Port Penn Methodist Episcopal Church next Sunday, will in all probability attract a large crowd of people. Rev. Isaac Jewell, pastor of Episcopal Church, Wilmington, Del. Rev. Jonathan S. Willis of Milford, Del., and several other prominent ministers and several laymen will take part in the exercises. All-day services are being arranged to commence with a Love Feast at 9 o'clock A. M. The stone will be laid at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon. Do not forget to attend.

— A party of Wilmington toughs created a disturbance at Augustine Pier on the Fourth by making an attack on William C. Bright, one of the most peaceable of our citizens, who had driven down to spend a few hours there. He was passing along quietly when without any cause whatever he was attacked by several of those toughs, who knocked him down and proceeded to beat him, when the few young men from Delaware City who happened to be on the ground, came to his assistance, when they were immediately surrounded by a large crowd, armed with clubs, and a hot fight ensued. The Delaware City young men, although outnumbered five to one, made a brave defense, knocking the assailants right and left, but owing to their small number and the weapons used against them were obliged to retreat. The fight was witnessed by a number of our best citizens who exonerate the Delaware City men, and say that their action was justifiable, being entirely in self-defense. A few special officers on the ground would prevent disturbances of this kind.

Wilmington Fair.

The dates for holding the yearly meeting of the Wilmington Fair Association at Hazel Dell are September 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th. Arrangements have been made for an excellent list of trotting events. These will occupy the first four days. Three races will be trotted each day. The directors' report indicates that the coming meeting will be the best yet held in this section. The prospects of a fine fruit crop on the Peninsula ensures the best exhibition in that important department of the fair that Wilmington has yet witnessed.

A Texan Claims a Delaware Bride.

Miss Ida B. McNelly of Wilmington and Clesson Eaton, Esq., formerly of Port Penn, but at present a resident of Weatherford, Texas, were married in the former city on Monday evening by Rev. E. L. Hubbard of Union M. E. Church.

The bride and groom received many handsome presents, among which was a large family bible, a valuable gift from the bride's father, and two pieces of solid silverware upon which were engraved the bride's name and an excellent picture of Old Swedes church. The newly-married couple left last Monday for their future home in Weatherford, Texas.

James Mitchell, aged 68 years, a prominent contractor and builder of Wilmington, was stricken with paralysis Monday, and died in a few hours.

Townsend Topics.

— The races were well attended to the Fourth.

— Cecilton 33, Townsend 21; this is all I have to say.

— The band cleared nearly thirty dollars from their festival.

— Miss Beulah Naylor is visiting friends in Philadelphia.

— Miss Bertha Morris was the guest of Mrs. A. C. P. Reynolds a few days last week.

— Mrs. George Carter and children of Smyrna, are visiting her father, Mr. Thos. Timmons.

— Mr. Joseph Brice and Chas. Barr of Wilmington, are guests of Mr. Frank Lattomus.

— Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fletcher spent the Fourth in Middletown as the guest of Rev. M. N. Brown.

— Mrs. Samuel A. Townsend and daughter of Philadelphia, are visiting friends in town.

— Mr. Mary V. Watts of Townsend, and Miss Mellon of Wilmington, are the guest of William Evans.

— Mr. Andrew Collins of Wilmington, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Etta Townsend on Sunday.

— Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis of Clayton, spent two days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Reynolds, near town.

— John Ross and family of Philadelphia, were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. James Carpenter on the Fourth.

— Mr. and Mrs. John Arnett of Wilmington, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Richardson, Saturday and Sunday.

— Mr. Fred Ringold, who has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. C. F. Hubbard for several days, returned to his home at Hillsboro, Md., on Sunday.

— Mr. Howard Townsend, salesman for Roberts & Williams in Philadelphia, spent Sunday at his home in town.

— Mr. John Simpson, Joe and Elmer Pritchard, Lee Maloney and Robert Simpson, are tenting at Collins Beach for a week.

— The fire alarm whistle in Middletown was heard very plainly in Townsend Saturday night, and the reflections from the fire could be seen.

— Farmers having peaches to ship should use the new tag with their name and address plainly printed thereon. Apply to THE TRANSCRIPT office, or to Geo. H. Collins, Townsend.

— The largest shipment of peaches from Townsend station this season was that made on Monday, when 120 baskets was loaded on the cars. It is expected that quite a number will be shipped next week.

— Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Truax entertained a few of their Smyrna friends on the Fourth. Among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. Reed Laughlin, Mr. and Mrs. David Boggs, Miss Rebecca Knotts, Mrs. Mattie Short and Nathan Ford, Geo. and John Thompson and Clem. Scout.

— The following officers-elect of Appoquinimink Castle, No. 19, K. G. E. were installed by Grand Chief Dane and his staff, Noble Chief, I Pritchard; Vice Chief, Geo. M. Watts; Sir Herald, William Porter; Master of Records, John Simpson; venerable Hermit, D. B. Maloney; High Priest, Alfred Lyman; Ensign, W. W. Shockly Esquire, C. F. Hubbard; Worthy Chamberlain, William Bayne; Worthy Bard, D. P. Hutchinson; Inside Guard, Joe Clayton; Outside Guard, Joe Shaw. At the close of the session the grand officers were entertained by the Castle, the alter was removed and a long table spread with good things was set, and all were invited to partake.

— Mr. William Graham, or granddad as he is usually called, celebrated his 91st birthday last Saturday. He was born in Millington, Md., on July 4th, 1800, and has seen many a fourth of July celebration. He was bound out when very young, at the age of eleven went to learn blacksmithing with John McDaniels, serving 14 years with him. He worked in New Castle and helped build the first engine that run on the old French town rail road. Granddad has been living in Townsend for a number of years making his home of late with Frank Lattomus who married a granddaughter. He is the father of 4 children, two sons and two daughters. He is getting quite feeble, but often walks into Townsend from home.

ROCK.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY JOHN W. JOLLS.

WHEAT—No. 2 red	95	New cobe Corn	62@63c
Steamer No. 2,	90	CORN	62c
Timothy Seed	2.20	Yellow, shelled,	@62c
Clover Seed, per lb	9½	Oats,	@75c

MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. M. REYNOLDS & CO.

Eggs, ₩ doz	15@18
Butter, ₩ lb	16@20
Lard, ₩ lb.	9@10
Potatoes ₩ basket	50@60
Chickens ₩ lb	15@20

Miscellaneous Adv's.

My Nerves Are All Right

And I have gained 10 pounds in 6 months, as the result of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, says Mr. B. H. Rose of the firm of Rose & Eddy, Rochester, N. Y. "I had almost

Chronic Dyspepsia

My digestion being very bad, and I was broken down from overwork so that I could not sleep nights. But my stomach is now in perfect condition, and for all the above benefit my gratitude is due Hood's Sarsaparilla."

"Water-Brash

And dyspepsia troubled me for 10 years, and after trying various things I concluded to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The effect is marvelous as I seem to be almost entirely cured." J. M. JOHNSON, 427 10th Street, Toledo, Ohio. If you suffer from

Indigestion

Or dyspeptic troubles try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It gently tones and stimulates the stomach, assists digestion and creates an appetite.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

House for Sale

THE STORE AND DWELLING combined on Main Street, near the depot, now occupied by the undersigned. Excellent site for good business location.

Jan29-6m MRS. THOMAS MASSEY.

NOTICE.

The long bridge over St. Augustine creek south of Port Penn, is unsafe for heavy travel, especially for traction and other steam engines and loaded farm wagons.

JOHN W. JOLLS,
Levy Court Commissioner
4t St. Georges Hundred.

Dividend Notice.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,
July 7th, 1891.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) per cent., payable on and after July 15th, 1891.

JNO. S. CROUCH, Cashier.
July 9-1t

Miscellaneous Adv's.

Good style, good quality, and good, reliable methods all around in Clothing and Furnishings for Men and Boys. Men's Suits for $10 up. Boy's from $2.50 up.

JACOB REEDS' SONS

918, 920, 922

CHESTNUT STREET.

MR. NATHAN PEACOCK is still with the above named firm, and solicits a share of your patronage.

THE FINEST LINE

—OF—

Gents' Neckwear!

IN MIDDLETOWN,

—AT—

M. L. Hardcastle's.

A VALUABLE FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

BEING duly authorized to dispose of that desirable farm, near Smith's Mill, in St. Georges Hundred, and known as

"The Perkins' Farm"

to close the estate, will sell the same at private sale at a Great Bargain within the next sixty days.

For particulars apply to

W. A. HUKILL,
Jul2-tf REAL ESTATE AGENT,
No. 726 Market St., WILMINGTON, DEL.

HUTCHISON & SUDLER,

—WHOLESALE—

FRUIT AND PRODUCE

Commission Merchants,

EGGS, BUTTER, POULTRY, LIVE STOCK, &c.

409 New Market Street, Philada.

☞ Any information in regard to shipping us goods gladly given. apr18-3m

FOR SALE

50,000 Peach Baskets!

I HAVE completed arrangements whereby I can offer 50,000 PEACH BASKETS by the car load or in small quantities, delivered at stations on main line or branches. Now is a good time to buy as they are very low in price.

GEO. M. D. HART,
Jun4-2m TOWNSEND, DEL.

For Sale.

A BRICK DWELLING AND STORE attached, situated on the corner of Main and Scott streets. Location most desirable. The property is in first-class order and will be sold on reasonable terms, as the undersigned expects to leave the State.

m12 tf Apply to D. L. DUNNING.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals will be received by the undersigned until Friday, July 10th, 1891, for a suitable site for the proposed state college for colored students. Bidders are requested to define the location of the land, number and condition of buildings, price, advantages, &c., &c. Not less than forty, nor more than one hundred acres desired, and to be situated within two miles of a railroad station; purchaser would want immediate possession, and the price would be paid in cash.

HENRY C. CONRAD,
Secretary,
Wilmington, Del.

FOR SALE.

FIFTY of the most eligible building lots at Townsend. Prices from $50 to $150.

Also, 40 pasture lots of one acre each, at from $50 to $100 each.

Also, 7 good farms within two miles of Middletown. Some of the best.

My catalogue contains about 200 farms all over the Peninsula.

$10,000 to loan at five (5) per cent.

GEO. W. INGRAM,
jul2-2m MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

New Advertisements.

E. Reynolds & Co.'s

TRENTON

CASH STORE

Will be open and ready for business, to-morrow,

FRIDAY, JULY 10, AT 7 A. M.

We have opened the largest, finest and cheapest stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Hosiery, Gloves and White Goods ever seen in Middletown, and will sell them at such low prices for cash that will attract the attention of all the economical buyers for twenty miles around the country.

We name a few items:

Domestics.

Muslins, calicoes, ginghams, tickings, table linens, flannels, cheviots, selisias, drills, ducks, cambrics, toweling crash.

Foreign Goods.

Black and colored silks, silk warp henriettas, all-wool henriettas, French cashmeres, black and colors; ottomans; striped and plaid; suitings, Drap D'Almas and plain cashmeres as low as 12½ cts.

Wash Dress Goods.

Plain nainsooks as low as 5 cents per yard.

Java cloths worth 12½ cts., 8 cts,

Beautiful challis at 5 cents.

Dress ginghams, 5 cents upwards,

Fine stripe lawns.

Notions.

Pearl, silk and metal buttons in abundance. Prices as low as 2 cents per paper. Hair pins, tooth, nail and hair brushes, spool cotton, best at 4 cents per spool.

Hosiery and Underwear.

Child's 8 and 10 cts. ribbed hose at 5 and 8 cts.

Ladies' fast black balbriggan hose, worth 20 cts. at 12 and 1-2 cts.

Child's ribbed vests reduced to 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 cts.

Ladies' ribbed vests reduced to 10, 12½ and 15 cts.

Gent's summer balbriggan shirts at 19 and 25 cts.

Ladies' fast black balbriggan hose from 12½ to 25c.

Gent's fancy striped and balbriggan hose at 23 cts.

Men's mixed half hose at 5, 8, 10 and 12 1-2 cts.

Store opens at 7.00 A. M. and closes at 9.00 P. M., except on Saturdays.

E. REYNOLDS & CO.

HIBSHMAN.

Monarch Condition Powders.

This powder is made according to the private formulae of Dr. T. T. Vail, and as a general tonic is not excelled.

Monarch Colic Cure.

For the cure of all kinds of Colic and bowel complaints of horses and cattle.

Monarch Veterinary Blister.

For the cure of spavin, curb, ringbone and all boney growths.

The above preparations are manufactured only by

M. W. HIBSHMAN, Druggist,

Delaware City, Delaware.

GROSH & CO.'S

EXT. ROOT BEER!

M. W. HIBSHMAN

DRUGGIST.

Delaware City, Del.,

General Wholesale Agent for Delaware and Maryland.